

Drug Awareness for parents

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Drug definition

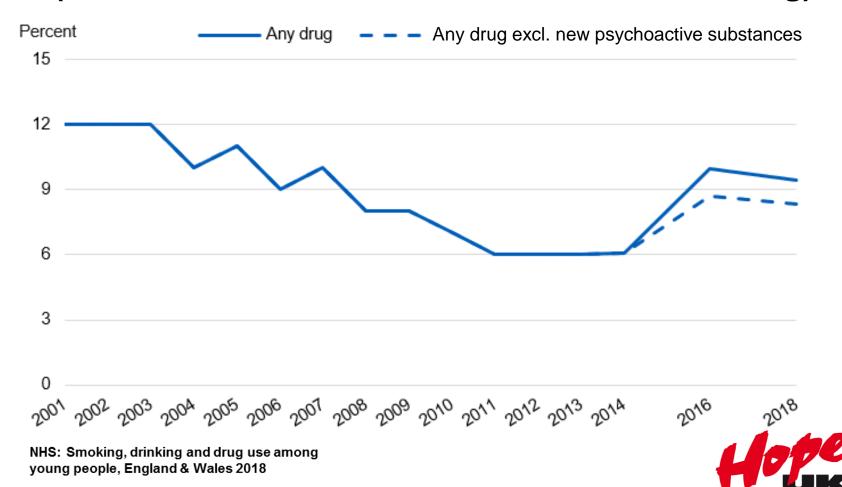


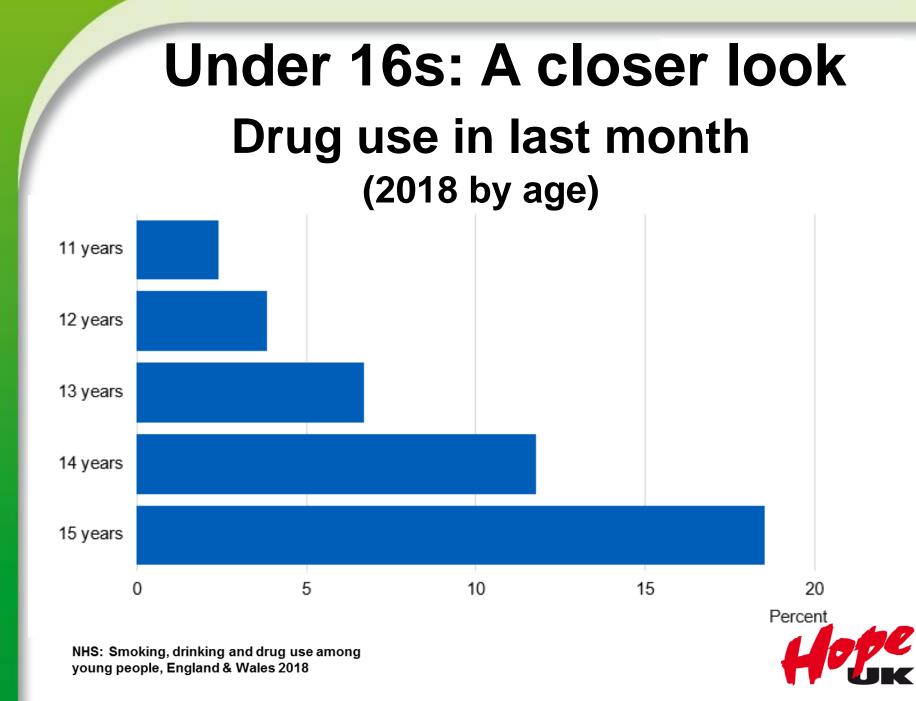
A substance that is not food which, when taken into the body, changes the way the brain works

i.e. a psychoactive substance

Under 16s & drugs Percent NHS: Smoking, drinking and drug use among young people, England & Wales 2018 80 Ever drunk alcohol 60 40 Ever smoked 20Ever taken drugs 0 9979979967996799900000070070090090090

Under 16s: A closer look Drug use in last month (Totals since 2001 – Excludes Alcohol & Smoking)





"Nice to have" effects



Energetic, Confident





Relaxed, Calm



Focused, Awake







Pain relief, Pleasure

Negative effects





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Which of these drugs is the most & least dangerous?

- Alcohol
- Amphetamines
- Caffeine
- Cannabis
- Cocaine
- Ecstasy

- Heroin
- LSD
- Medicines
- New Psychoactive Substances
- Solvents
- Tobacco



Q1: Which drug kills the most people in the UK?

- Alcohol
- Amphetamines
- Caffeine
- Cannabis
- Cocaine
- Ecstasy

- Heroin
- LSD
- Medicines
- New Psychoactive Substances
- Solvents
- Tobacco



Q1: Which drug kills the most people in the UK?

1.Tobacco

2. Alcohol

26,187

95,600

3. Heroin & other Opiates 3,315

4. Medicines (excl. opiates) 1,699 Eng. & Wales

Tobacco - ONS: Adult smoking habits, Annual Population Survey 2018 Alcohol - Public Health England 2017; www.gov.wales 2017, www.nrscotland.gov.uk 2017, www.nisra.gov.uk 2018 Opiates & Medicines - ONS: Deaths related to drug poisoning in England and Wales: 2018 registrations; www.nrscotland.gov.uk 2018; www.nisra.gov.uk 2017



Q2: Which drug is most likely to kill at first use?

- Alcohol
- Amphetamines
- Caffeine
- Cannabis
- Cocaine
- Ecstasy

- Heroin
- LSD
- Medicines
- New Psychoactive Substances
- Solvents
- Tobacco



Q2: Which drug is most likely to kill at first use?

SOLVENT

ABUSE

CAN KILL

INSTANTLY

Volatile Substances (e.g. Solvents) 67% of VSA deaths in 2009 had no evidence of previous use, or the history was unknown Any drugs available as tablets,

capsules, crystals, powder



Q3: Which drug is the most addictive?

- Alcohol
- Amphetamines
- Caffeine
- Cannabis
- Cocaine
- Ecstasy

- Heroin
- LSD
- Medicines
- New Psychoactive Substances
- Solvents
- Tobacco



Q3: Which drug causes the strongest dependency?

1. Heroin & other opiates:

Psychological dependency

Physical dependency



Q3: Which drug causes the strongest dependency? 1. Heroin & other opiates 2. Any other drug which produces physical dependency: Alcohol Crack Cocaine Crystal Meth Benzodiazepines Nicotine Caffeine **Note: ALL drugs can produce** psychological dependency

Drug dependency (addiction) definition

A strong need to continue taking a drug despite any negative consequences.



Adult dependency - England

Drug deaths: 27,704 (2017 All ages; excl. tobacco & VSA)

Adults in treatment: 280,133

Needing treatment: ~800,000 (Estimate)

Deaths (England & Wales) - Alcohol: PHE 2017. Other drugs: ONS 2017. Excludes VSA Treatment (England only) - National Drug Treatment Monitoring System 2017-2018 Home Office: Drug misuse 2017/18 crime survey England & Wales

Hope

U18 dependency - England In treatment 16,436 14,449* **Cannabis**: Alcohol: 8,058* 1,815* **Ecstasy:** Cocaine: 1,473* **New Psychoactive Substances:** 585* 491* **Amphetamines:** * Primary & adjunctive

Needing treatment: 10% drank in the last week 10% used other drugs in the last month

Treatment (England only) - National Drug Treatment Monitoring System 2017-2018 NHS: Smoking, drinking and drug use among young people, England & Wales 2016

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Q4: Alcohol or Cannabis... which one is more harmful to young people's mental health?

Alcohol



Cannabis

Q4: Alcohol or Cannabis... which one is more harmful to young people's mental health?



Cannabis

Cannabis & the teenage brain

Up to **3X** Up to 5X **Risk of mental illness** Skunk King's College, University of London **Risk of depression by age 35 3x Oxford University** Higher than average risk of developing mental illness **Royal College of Psychiatrists** Worse long term effect than alcohol on thinking, memory & ability to learn University of Montreal, Canada

"It's only a bit of weed... right?" Cannabis risk factors:

- Age The developing brain is vulnerable
- Frequency of use
- Length of use
- Family history of mental illness i.e. your genes
- Strength High strength Skunk now dominates the UK market (94% of cannabis seized by Police in the UK, 2016)

Q5: Which drug causes most harm to UK society?

- Alcohol
- Amphetamines
- Caffeine
- Cannabis
- Cocaine
- Ecstasy

- Heroin
- LSD
- Medicines
- New Psychoactive Substances
- Solvents
- Tobacco



Q5: Which drug causes most harm to UK society?

1. Alcohol

- 26,187 deaths & high dependency levels
- Factor in 53% of all violent crimes (ONS 2013/14)
- Hospital/Police/Social Services time & cost
- Cost to NHS: £3.5b (PHE 2018)
- Overall cost to UK society: £21b (PHE 2012)

2. Tobacco

- 95,600 deaths
 - Cost to NHS: £2.5b; UK society: £11.9b (UK Govt. 2017)

3. Other drugs

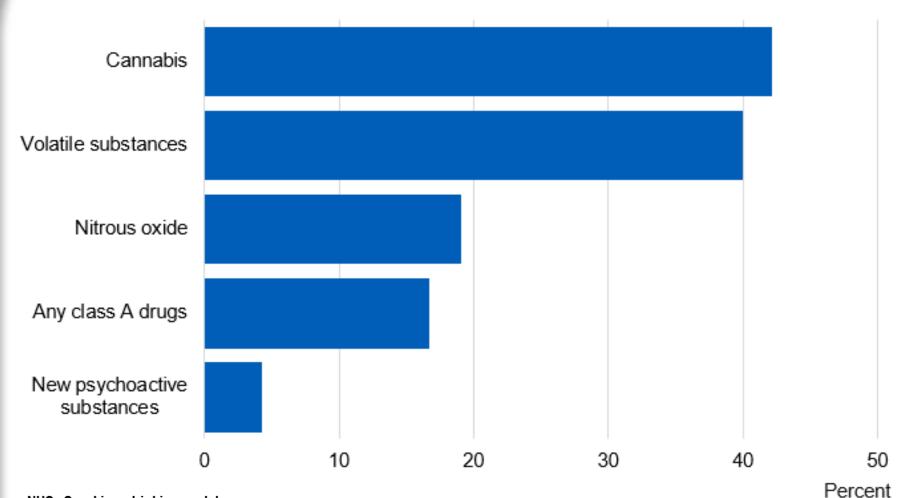
- Dependency, health problems, deaths
- Associated criminality (e.g. Gang culture, County Lines)

Choices, decisions & consequences



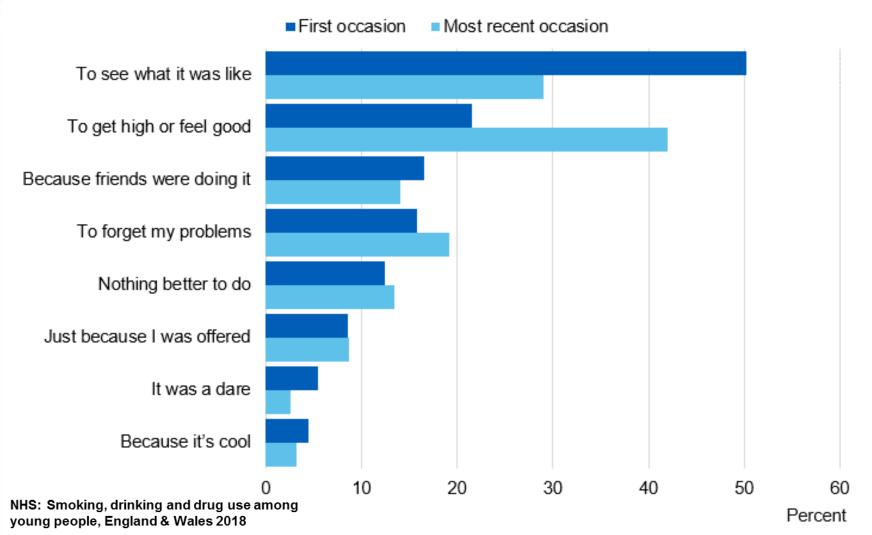


U16: Drugs taken at first use (Excluding alcohol & tobacco)

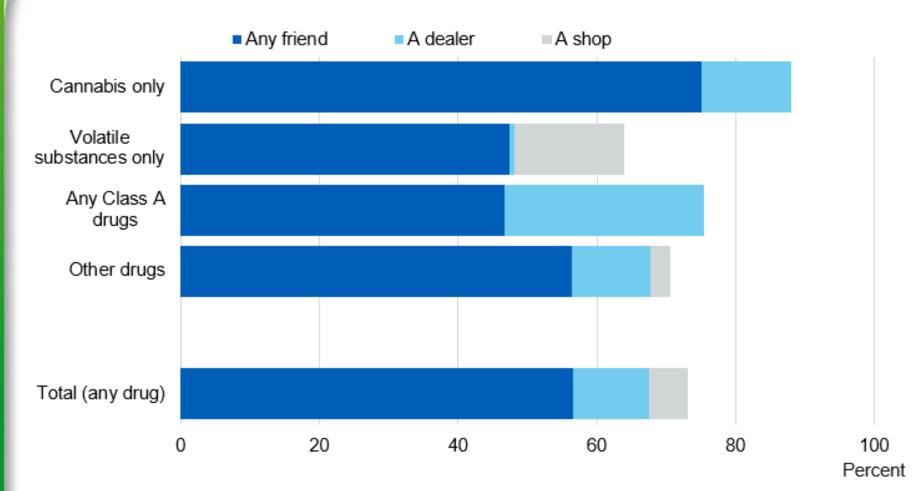


NHS: Smoking, drinking and drug use among young people, England & Wales 2018

Under 16s: Reasons for using drugs



U16s: Obtaining drugs at first use (excl. alcohol & tobacco)



NHS: Smoking, drinking and drug use among young people, England & Wales 2018

Here Family Strategy ideas

1. Try to enjoy yourselves without alcohol or smoking.

2. Do things together. 3. Build up self worth in your children. 4. Be there for your children. 5. Help your children develop decisionmaking skills. 6. Supervision & structure is important. 7. Don't give up. Try not to overreact!

Do your own research





Promoting evidence-based information on drugs, alcohol and tobacco

NHS

Live Well

Advice, tips and tools to help you make the best choices about your health and wellbeing



Your local Hope UK Educator

Dan Wisniewski

Office: 020 7928 0848

enquiries@hopeuk.org



Appendix 1

Family Strategies

More details



Family Strategies - 1

Ideas for parents trying to encourage their children to make drug-free choices:

1. Try to enjoy yourselves without alcohol or smoking.

Do your children see you socialising, celebrating or relaxing without the use of a drug? Do you use alcohol-free options as a family sometimes? What role model are you giving your children?

2. Do things together.

Try to do things as a family that your children will enjoy. As far as possible, keep your promises. Plan things as a family and try to ensure they happen.

3. Build up self worth in your children.

Encourage and help them develop their own interests and hobbies. Give them positive encouragement and praise. Try to avoid negative language.

4. Be there for your children.

Always be ready to listen to your children, so they can talk about their thoughts, feelings and emotions. Become informed, so you can help them work through issues without reacting unhelpfully.

Family Strategies - 2

5. Help your children develop decision-making skills.

Find ways to help your children develop the art of choosing for themselves. Encourage them when they make mistakes and help them develop the ability to know their own mind.

6. Supervision & structure is important.

Give rules and boundaries that are there independent of the mood of you as parents. It helps your children if you try to stick to routines and regular meals. Give the children a calm start to the day and let them end the day in a good way with you. Give children peace and quiet for homework and help them when needed.

7. Don't give up. Try not to overreact!

There are many ways you can look at drug issues; not all of them will work for you and your children. Find out what works and use it. Don't give up or exaggerate the dangers. Scare tactics do not work in the long term. Don't react emotionally to mistakes.... Talk things through instead.

N.B. This list is not comprehensive! More ideas out there.

N.B. Remember that you are not alone – schools, doctors and other agencies are there to help you!

Appendix 2

Information & help

Useful links



Information & help - 1

FRANK – Drug information and free, confidential advice and help 24 hrs a day. Tel: 0300 123 6600 <u>www.talktofrank.com</u>

Drugwise – Information about drugs. <u>www.drugwise.org.uk</u>

NHS – Drug Information <u>www.nhs.uk/live-well/healthy-body/the-effects-of-drugs</u>

Adfam National – information for the families and friends of drug users. <u>www.adfam.org.uk</u>

No.5 – Confidential listening and counselling service for young people in Reading. Tel: 0118 9015668 <u>http://www.no5.org.uk</u>

The Edge - Young People's Drug and Alcohol Service for <u>West Berkshire</u>. Tel: 01635 582 002 <u>www.edgecrew.co.uk</u>

SOURCE - Young People's Drug and Alcohol Service for <u>Reading</u>. Tel: 0118 9015666

Drinkline – confidential help and advice. Tel: 0300 123 1110



Information & help - 2

Alcohol Concern: Information about alcohol Tel: 020 3907 8480. <u>www.alcoholconcern.org.uk</u>

Alcoholics Anonymous – a support group for drinkers. National Helpline: 0800 917 7650 <u>www.alcoholics-anonymous.org.uk</u>

AlAnon/Alateen – a group for families/teenagers seeking help and support because of a family member's drinking. 24hr helpline: 020 7403 0888, <u>www.al-anonuk.org.uk</u>

Re-Solv Freephone National Helpline – Monday to Friday 9am-5pm. Tel: 01785 810762.

Re-Solv (Volatile Substance Misuse) - Information, Referral. <u>www.re-solv.org</u> Tel: 01785 817885

The Samaritans – confidential problem line. Tel: 116 123 www.samaritans.org

Childline – Freephone Tel: 0800 1111

Narcotics Anonymous – a support group for drug users. Tel: 0300 999 1212 www.ukna.org

Drugs news stories - 1

"Psychosis and me" – BBC documentary by actor David Harewood. Includes examples of the link between regular cannabis use and the development of psychosis, together with descriptions of the symptoms of this condition <u>https://vimeo.com/336875652</u>

Cannabis: What are the risks of recreational use? https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/health-44532417

Cannabis 'more harmful than alcohol' for teen brains <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/health-45732911</u>

Cannabis use in teens linked to depression <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/health-47215806</u>

Dad jailed for 'cannabis-induced' baby murder attempt https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-leeds-46136374

Fentanyl and cocaine drug deaths rise https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-45083167



Drugs news stories - 2

Bestival drugs death: Boyfriend guilty of manslaughter (Louella Fletcher-Michie story)

https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-dorset-47385211

The little-known 2C drugs causing family devastation https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-47308059

Spice 'most severe public health issue in decades' https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-lincolnshire-45341458

VIDEO: Spice 'Like a zombie all day' https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/av/uk-wales-44852522/like-a-zombie-all-day

VIDEO: Monkey dust https://www.bbc.co.uk/iplayer/episode/p06v6110/on-the-ground-monkey-dust-drugruined-my-sons-life

Thames Valley Police 'won't arrest drug users' in pilot programme https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-england-46591100

County lines: Drug gangs 'exploiting children as young as 11' https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-47043251



Appendix 3

Adult dependency - England

Detailed breakdown of numbers shown on slide





Drug deaths (2017; All ages; Excl. VSA) Alcohol: Other drugs:

 Adults in treatment (2017-18)
 280,133 England

 Opiates:
 141,189

 Alcohol:
 75,787

 Other druge:
 25,472

27,704 England

24,208

3,496

Other drugs:35,473Other drugs + Alcohol:27,684

 Needing treatment (2017-18)
 ~800,000 England

 Alcohol:
 458,101

 All other drugs (daily users):
 ~400,000

Deaths - Alcohol: PHE 2017. Other drugs: ONS 2017. Includes VSA Treatment - National Drug Treatment Monitoring System 2017-2018 Home Office: Drug misuse 2027/28 crime survey England & Wales

Image: vse-zdarma.info

Appendix 3a

Adult dependency - England

Detailed breakdown of numbers shown on slide + Smoking & VSA





Drug deaths (2017; All ages; Excl. VSA) 106,013 England Smoking: 78,000 24,208 24,208 3,805

Adults in treatment (2017-18)	280,133 England
Opiates:	141,189
Alcohol:	75,787
Other drugs:	35,473
Other drugs + Alcohol:	27,684

 Needing treatment (2017-18)
 ~800,000
 England

 Alcohol:
 458,101

 All other drugs (daily users):
 ~400,000

Smokers (2017)

6.1 million England

Smoking: ONS: Adult smoking habits in the UK 2017 Alcohol: PHE 2017. Other drugs: ONS 2017; NROS 2017, www.nrscotland.gov.uk 2017; www.gov.wales 2017, NISRA 2017. Includes VSA & NOX Treatment: National Drug Treatment Monitoring System 2017-2018 Home Office: Drug misuse 2027/28 crime survey England & Wales

Image: vse-zdarma.info